

Compiled by Jim Hague



Session tunes

Gallo Bottes
Book of
Grie Haudek
the

He
Crie Havock
Booke of
Cello Bottes

Session tunes

Music commonly played at Cry Havoc sessions



Compiled by Jim Hague

Ye Chie Havoc Book of Dottes

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to Jane
for the music, and the dance

Notes

is just how we go about them.

reflections what the musicians of Cry Havoc play. I'm in no way suggesting that they are in any way correct. This being folk tunes, many of the tunes herein have many variations. The music presented here is my attempt at reflecting those like me who are inexperienced with instrument and folk music generally, but have a little musical background.

Havoc musicians come in all shades of experience and ability. This collection is intended to help those like me who are every practice or dance-out, there is a music-playing session.

Music forms a core part of Cry Havoc Battley Morris. Of course, the musicians provide the music we dance to.

Introduction

The majority of tunes in this book have no identifiable author, and are unquestionably in the public domain. Rather than litter the pages with *Trad.* or *Anon.*, I have left them unattributed. Some, however, may have an identifiable author or arranger and copyright unquestionably remains with that person. I believe these tunes to enjoy widespread currency on the folk music scene, and therefore there is at least tacit approval by the authors for their dissemination. If this is not the case, please contact me at dottes@cryhavoc.org.uk and I will remove the offending tune.

This book has an accompanying website, <https://dottes.cryhavoc.org.uk>. It's updated from time to time with the latest tunes we're playing. As well as the written music (the dots), you can listen to the computer play each tune and its chords, or download the audio or the dots. For those who want to learn by ear, there's a page for each tune with the computer playing the melody only, at four different speeds. You can also download the latest version of the various print books, formatted for A4 or A5 size paper, to print at home.

Finally, many, many thanks to all who have helped me with this project, in particular fellow Havocs KateK, Nerys, MickP, LouisT, Susie and Ed. And most especially to Jane, without whose enthusiasm, support and encouragement this would never have been possible.

About Cry Havoc

Cry Havoc are a friendly mixed Cotswold Morris side based in Botley, Oxford. We practice between September and April on Thursday evenings at the Botley Womens' Institute Hall, North Hinksey Lane, Botley, Oxford OX2 0LT and dance out in the summer months at locations around Oxfordshire.

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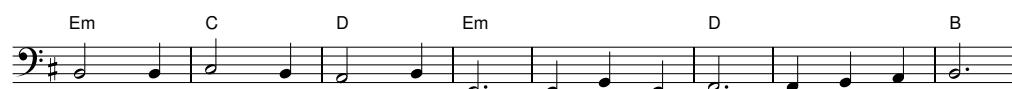
Tom Tolley's
Hornpipe



The Twister



Valse Musette



Wals voor Polle



Whinshields
Hornpipe



Will's Way



The Book of Dots was first produced to mark Cry Havoc's 20th anniversary in 2013, and substantially updated for our 25th anniversary in 2018 and again for our 30th anniversary in 2023.

Find out more at <https://www.cryhavoc.org.uk/>, or email bags@cryhavoc.org.uk for more information.

Would-be dancers or musicians always welcome.

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Tip Top Polka

Three Around Three
(The Pleasure Of The Town)

Theme Vanmetaise
(Twiglet)

Teatree Wallz

Sussex Cottillion

Springvals

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The Sheriff's Ride

Si Bheag Si Mhor

Slängpolska 32

The Sloe

Soldier's Joy (The Forester)

Spootiskerry

86

The sheet music consists of six staves of musical notation. The first staff starts with a treble clef, a common time signature, and a key signature of one sharp. It features a descending melodic line with eighth-note patterns. Chords indicated are G, D, Bm, C, G, and D7. The second staff begins with a bass clef and continues the melodic line. Chords indicated are D, G, and A. The third staff starts with a treble clef and continues the melodic line. Chords indicated are G, D, and C. The fourth staff starts with a bass clef and continues the melodic line. Chords indicated are D, C, G, D7, and G. The fifth staff starts with a treble clef and continues the melodic line. Chords indicated are G, D, and D. The sixth staff starts with a bass clef and concludes the melody. Chords indicated are G, D, and D7.

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The Plane Tree

Poplar Grove

Quarter Brawls

Rochdale Coconut Dance

The Rogues' March

La Roulante

Music commonly played at Cry Havoc sessions

Session tunes

96

The musical score consists of six staves of music, each with a different title and key signature.

- Staff 1:** Key of G major. Chords: G, D, G, D. Title: The Oyster Girl (Sherebome Waltz).
- Staff 2:** Key of G major. Chords: G, Em, G, Em, Am, D7, G. Title: Orange in Bloom (Sherebome Waltz).
- Staff 3:** Key of A minor. Chords: Am, Em, Am, Em. Title: New Road To Alston.
- Staff 4:** Key of C major. Chords: C, Am, D. Title: The Mudgee Waltz.
- Staff 5:** Key of G major. Chords: G, D, G, D, Am. Title: Mount Hils Waltz.
- Staff 6:** Key of D major. Chords: D, G, Em, Am, D. Title: The Midsummer Waltz.



Barbara Payne, *Mandoharlequin*

This book provides the dots for the tunes commonly played at Cry Havoc music sessions.

The set of tunes played at sessions does tend to vary over time. Some tunes are perennial favourites and so are included here automatically. Others appear less regularly. I aim to only include tunes that I remember hearing at a session in the not too distant past, but nobody keeps a log of what gets played, so the choice is imprecise. And to be completely honest, some tunes are there simply because I want them to be there. Any complaints? Good.

Laridé 6	
Louth Quickstep	
Maguire and Patterson	
Mazurka d'Auvergne	
Mazurka de Lapleau	
Michael Turner's Waltz	

Change: Ruffy Tuffy.

Sheet music for three staves of a piece in 4/4 time, key of D major. The music consists of eighth-note patterns. The first staff starts with a G note. The second staff starts with a D note. The third staff starts with a G note. The tempo is marked as 160 BPM.

A La Mode De France

94

Jamaica

Jamie Allen

Just As The Tide Was

Flowing

King Of The Fairies

Lanigan's Ball

Albert Farmer's Bonfire Tune

$\text{♪} = 160$

D A D Em A D
5 D Em A D A D
8 D Em A D
13 D Em A D

4

Herbert the Sherbert

Em C Em D

Horse's Brawl (Le
Bransle des Chevaux)

G D G C D

L'Inconnu de Limoise

G Em C D

Inisheer

G Em C D

Iron Legs

D A D A D G Bm A

An Italian Rant

Gm Dm Cm Dm Cm Bb Dm Gm

Change: Gathering Peascods. From Paul Hardy's Session Tunebook.

14 Am
Bm
C
Am
D
G

9 G
D7
G
Em
Am
D7
G

G
Em
G
C
Am
D
G
Am
D7
G

$\text{♩} = 90$

All In A Garden Green
Harwood Hall

92

D
D
A
D

G
D
G
D
C
D

D
A
D
A
A

G
D
G
D
C
G

G
Am
G
Am
D
G

1 G
2 G

From Night Till Morn
The Gamkeepers
Cottage
Gathering Peascods
Grandfather's Tune
Green Mountain
Petroneilla
Harper's Frolick

Argeers
The Wedding Night

$\text{♪} = 130$

A favourite of Sue, our resident Playford expert.

6

Elizabeth Clare

Emma From Finland

Enrico

The Exploding Potato

The Extension Reel

The Fiery Clock Face

it the name we know today; the circus. When, in 1770, he added jugglers, acrobats and a clown to his show, he invented an art form that spread rapidly around the world. Though as often happens with inventors, it was his imitator and rival Charles Dibdin who gave Philip Astley's Ride a circular arena in which the famous equestrian demonstrated his trick riding skills.

A musical score for 'Astley's Ride' in G major, 2/4 time, at a tempo of 180 BPM. The score consists of four staves of music. Chords indicated include D, D7, C, G, Am, and D7. The score concludes with a repeat sign and the instruction 'Astley's Ride'.

06

A musical score featuring six different songs arranged in two columns of three. The songs are: 'Farewell' (Captain Rock's), 'Quick March' (Captain Lane's), 'Le Canal En Octobre' (Le Canal En Octobre), 'Click Go the Shears' (Click Go the Shears), 'The Dancing Oilet' (The Dancing Oilet), and 'Davy Davy Knick Knack' (Davy Davy Knick Knack). Each song includes a title and a brief description below it.

Bagpipers

$\text{♩} = 140$

1 C
5 G
8 D G
13 C G

The melody should be accompanied by a continuous drone on the string below on the fiddle. The chords are a suggested drone.

8

Bagpipers

Battle of the Somme

Bear Dance

Bonny Kate

Brighton Camp (The Girl I Left Behind Me)

Buttered Peas

the Third Southem General Hospital in Oxford aged 35, one of piping's greatest premature losses. William Laurie was Pipe Major of the 8th Argyllshire Battalion of the Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders in 1914. Posted to France in 1915, he became ill in 1916 due to trench conditions. Invalided to England, he died in 1918.

♩ = 120

Battle of the Somme
Pipe Major William Laurie

88

A La Mode De France

Albert Farmer's Bonfire Tune

All In A Garden Green (Harwood Hall)

Arggers (The Wedding Night)

Astley's Ride

Session tunes

Bear Dance

♩ = 120

Em D Em D Em D Em D Em

9 Em D C D Em D C D Em D Em

A foot stomping pulse behind this Flemish polka and its inevitable predecessor Laridé 6 typically marks the end, or somewhere near the end, of a Havoc evening.

Unless we're feeling contrary, in which case it'll happen somewhere near the start of a session.

10

List of tune first lines

You know the feeling. Everyone has just launched into a well-loved tune. You've heard it before, but don't remember the name. So here's a list of tune first lines to help you figure out what it is in time to join in.

Change: Harper's Frolick.

13 G
D G D G

9 G Am Bm C D

5 Em Am G [1 D] [2 D]

C G G

$\text{♩} = 180$

Bonny Kate

Change: Salmon Tails.

13 D7 G

9 G D7

5 C G D7 G

G D7 G

$\text{♩} = 210$

The Wimster Gallop

Brighton Camp The Girl I Left Behind Me

$\text{♩} = 180$

1 G C G D7 G
5 G C D7 G D7 G Em C D7
8 G C D7 G D7 G Em C D7
13 G C D7 G

12

Will's Way

$\text{♩} = 140$

D G A D C
5 D G A D A7 D
9 D C
13 D A7 D

Change: Three Around Three (The Pleasure Of The Town).

9: #: 6

5 D A G D Em A

9 D A D

13 D A A7 D

Buttered Peas

$\text{♩} = 180$

6 G [1 Am A7 D7] [2 Am D7 G] G Am

12 D7 G A7 D D7 G

18 D7 G C

WhimsieLds Hornpipe

$\text{♩} = 160$

L. L. Dutch

Le Canal En Octobre

Frederick Paris

$\text{♩} = 140$

G C G C Em D D
5 G C G C Em D G
9 G C G C Em D D
13 G C G C Em D G

14

Wals voor Polle

Wim Poesen

$\text{♩} = 180$

G D D G C G D
9 G D D G D G
16 C D D G
25 C D D G D G

83

13 Em Em G C D G
9 B B G D G
5 G D G G D G
G = 160

Captain Lanoë's Quick March

A French tune Sue picked up. Previously it appeared simply as Sue's French Tune, but Sue says she's seen it called *False Musette*, so let's go with that.

25 C Em D B Em
17 C Em D B
9 Em C D Em B Em
Em = 160

False Musette

Captain Rock's Farewell

$\text{♩} = 140$

6 |¹ G D |² D G |

9 G C G G C G D |

17 G C G D G |

Change: Orange in Bloom (Sherborne Waltz).

16

The Twister

Ed Pritchard

$\text{♩} = 180$

7 Gm D Gm F Cm Gm D Gm |

13 F Cm Gm D7 Gm Gm Cm Gm D |

19 Gm A D Gm Cm Gm D Gm D Gm |

First published in 1891 with the title *The Bare-Bellied Ewe* and using the tune of an 1865 US song *Ring The Bell*, Watchman by Henry Clay Work, this song became an Australian classic by the 1950s. The tune was used in 1966 as a jingle accompanying the switch from the pound sterling to the Australian dollar.

Ring The Bell

Click Go the Shears
Ringing The Bell, Watchman

Clock Go the Shears

Change: Iron Legs.

Tom Tolley's Hornpipe

The Dancing Oolert

Sally Kirkpatrick

$\text{♩} = 130$

D C D Em
5 D Am Bm D A D
8 Em D Em D
12 Em D Em G D

An oolert, or wollert, is a name used in Shropshire for a barn owl.

18

Tip Top Polka

$\text{♩} = 160 \text{ G}$

G
6 1 D G 2 D G
8 C G D C G D G

13 G
D
G
D
G
D
G
= 140

Davy Knick Knack

This section of the musical score consists of four staves of music. The first three staves are in common time (indicated by a 'C') and the last staff is in 6/8 time (indicated by a '(6)'). The key signature changes from common time to G major (one sharp) at measure 5. Measures 5 through 13 are labeled with the letters D, G, and G above the staves. Measure 13 concludes with a tempo marking of = 140.

13 D
G
C
D
G
D
G
D
G
D
G
D
G
= 160

The Pleasure Of The Town

This section of the musical score consists of four staves of music. The first three staves are in common time (indicated by a 'C') and the last staff is in 6/8 time (indicated by a '(6)'). The key signature changes from common time to G major (one sharp) at measure 5. Measures 5 through 13 are labeled with the letters D, G, C, D, G, D, G, D, G, D, G, and D above the staves. Measure 13 concludes with a tempo marking of = 160.

Three Around Three
The Pleasure Of The Town

Elizabeth Clare

Chris Wood

♩ = 120

G D C G G
8 D G D C G G D G
16 C G D C G Am
24 D G D C G G D G

Change: Michael Turner's Waltz.

20

Theme Vannetaise Twiglet

♪ = 140

Em D B
5 Em C D Em
9 Em D B
13 Em C D C B Em

9 Gm
5 A7
I Dm n.c.
[1] 2 Dm
9 Gm
5 A7
I Dm n.c.
[1] 2 Dm
♩ = 140

Emma From Finland

37 G7 C Am G Em G D7 G
27 D7 D7 G D7 G
17 G D7 Am
9 G C Am D7 G I [1] 2
♩ = 120

Teatree Waltz

Enrico

Bass clef *Key signature: one sharp* *Tempo: ♩ = 150*

6 D G A D D Em G

12 G A D A D A D A D

The novelist Thomas Hardy was a keen fiddle player and collector of folk songs in his native Dorset. This was his favourite tune, and the fiddle he played it on still lies on his cabinet in Dorset County Museum.

22

Sussex Cotillion

Bass clef *Key signature: one sharp* *Tempo: ♩ = 130*

5 C D G Em C G D G

8 G C G G G C G

15 C Am D C G Em G D G

Change: Mount Hills

Change: The Extension Reel

Ed Prichard

The Exploding Potato

arr. Ceylon Wallin

Springvals

The Extension Reel

Ed Pritchard

$\text{♩} = 180$

G C D G
5 G C D G
9 G Am Em C D
13 G Am D G

24

Spootiskerry

Ian Burns

$\text{♩} = 160$

G D G Em C D G
7 C Am D7 G Em C G Em A7 D7
13 Em C G C D G Em C
19 G Em A7 D7 G C Am D7 G

From Paul Hardy's Session Tunebook.

13 G Am D7 G

8 G Am D7

5 G C D7 G

$\text{♩} = 160$

The Fiery Clock Face

13 D A7 A7 D

8 D A7 D E7 A

5 D G D A7 D

$\text{♩} = 140$

The Forester's Joy

From Night Till Morn

$\text{♪} = 140$

D G Am G D
5 G D G Am G | 1 D G | 2 D G :||
9 G D D C G D G D G
15 Am G D G D G Am G D G :||

26

The Sloe

$\text{♪} = 140$

D A D G A D
5 D A D G A D :||
8 D D A D
13 A D G A D :||

The Gamekeeper's Cottage

Bossså, 1783–1847

Słangi polska 32

Gathering Peascods

$\text{♩} = 116$

1 G | 2 G

7 D G D/F#m A D

13 G C G C G C G D G

28

Si Bheag Si Mhor

*Turlough O'Carolan
(1670-1736)*

$\text{♩} = 140$

8 G D F# Bm G A D

16 D G D A Bm G

24 D Bm G D G A D

69

Change: The Sloe

13 D A D A
9 A A A
5 D A D A
D = 160

Grandfather's Tune

Change: Bear Dance.

13 Em Am Em Em
9 Em Bm Em Bm
5 Em Am Em Em
Am Em Bm
D = 160

The Sheriff's Ride

Green Mountain Petronella

Music score for "Green Mountain Petronella". The score consists of four staves of music, each with a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The music is in common time.

Chords:

- Measure 1: G
- Measure 2: G
- Measure 3: D
- Measure 4: C D
- Measure 5: G
- Measure 6: G
- Measure 7: D
- Measure 8: G
- Measure 9: Em B C Bm C G
- Measure 10: Em B C Bm C G
- Measure 11: G D G
- Measure 12: G D Em B C Bm C G G D G

30

Shandy Hall

Tempo: ♩ = 140

Music score for "Shandy Hall". The score consists of five staves of music, each with a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The music is in common time.

Chords:

- Measure 1: G
- Measure 2: D
- Measure 3: G
- Measure 4: Bm
- Measure 5: C
- Measure 6: D7
- Measure 7: G
- Measure 8: G
- Measure 9: C
- Measure 10: D7
- Measure 11: G
- Measure 12: D
- Measure 13: G
- Measure 14: C
- Measure 15: D7
- Measure 16: G

Another tune from Susie.

Changge: Three Around Three (The Pleasure Of The Town).

13 D A D A D
8 D A D A
5 D D A D
5 = 160 D A D D

Harpers' Frolick

From Paul Hardys Session Tunebook.

13 G D G G D
9 A D
5 D D G G A D
5 = 160 D G G A

The Moon And Seven Stars
Seven Stars

Herbert the Sherbert

Martin Ellison

$\text{♩} = 165$

Em C Em D
Em C Em D Em
Em D C Bm Em Bm
D Em G D Em

32

Seacourt Bridge

Ed Pritchard

$\text{♩} = 134$

G C D
G C [1 D G] [2 D G]
G C Em7 D
G C [1 D G] [2 D G]

Ed's tribute to the Botley pub that is not only kind enough to host our after-practice sessions over the winter, but gives us something to eat too. Thanks Tracey!

dancers.

A *bransle*, or variously *branle*, *brawl*, or *brantle* is a type of simple renaissance French dance. The name comes from the verb *brangler* (to shake, wave, sway) and refers to the characteristic side-to-side movement of the

17 Em D Em D G
9 D G D G D G
G = 180

HORSE'S BRAWL
Le Bransle des Chevaux

17 G C G Em D7 G
9 G C G D G C D7 G
G = 160

Salmon Tails

L'Inconnu de Limoise

*Jean-François "Maxou"
Heintzen*

♩ = 104

G Em C D
5 G Em C D
8 C G Em Bm
13 C [1 D] [2 D] G

34

Rufty Tufty

♩ = 180

D D G D [1 D] [2 D]
5 G D G D [1 D G] [2 D G]
9 G C D G C D D G

63

12 C Am G D 3 G

8 C G C G C G C G

5 G Em C D 3 G

6 G Em C G Em C G

Tommy Walsh Misheer

From Paul Hardy's Session Tunebook.

13 D G D7 G

8 D G D7 G

5 G D7 G D7 G

$\text{♩} = 180$ G D7 G D7

Rub-a-dub Stockport Polka

Iron Legs

The sheet music consists of four staves of bass guitar notation. The key signature is G major (one sharp). The tempo is indicated as $\text{♩} = 132$. The lyrics are provided below each staff.

1
D A D A D G Bm A

5
D A D A D G A D

8
D A D A Bm A Bm F#m

13
G D G D G A D

36

La Roulante

Jean Blanchard

Bass guitar tablature for 'Hotel California' in 4/4 time. The key signature is one sharp (F#). The tempo is indicated as $\text{♩} = 104$. The lyrics are written above the staff, and measure numbers are placed below the staff.

1 D Am D G D D Em

5 D Em D Am D [1] [2]

9 Em G D

13 [1] [2]

5 Gm Dm Cm Dm Gm Cm Dm Gm Cm B \flat Dm Gm
10 Dm Gm Dm Cm Dm Gm Cm Dm Gm B \flat Dm Gm

An Italian Rant

09

A derivative piece of music played to accompany punishment of soldiers in the 18th and 19th centuries, typically drumming out incorrigible offenders. Listen out for *Poor old soldier*.

Change: Captain Lane's Quick March

The image shows four staves of sheet music for a 12-bar blues in G major. The music is written in common time (indicated by 'C') and consists of four measures per staff. The first staff starts with a G major chord (G, B, D) and ends with a G major chord. The second staff starts with an E minor chord (E, G, B) and ends with a D major chord. The third staff starts with a G major chord and ends with a G major chord. The fourth staff starts with a G major chord and ends with a G major chord. The notes are primarily eighth notes, with some sixteenth-note patterns and rests. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the tempo is marked as 160 BPM.

The Rogues' March

Jamaica

The sheet music consists of three staves of music. The top staff starts with a key signature of one sharp (G major). The middle staff starts with a key signature of one sharp (G major). The bottom staff starts with a key signature of one sharp (G major). The music is in common time (indicated by a 'C'). The notes are primarily quarter notes and eighth notes. The melody includes several grace notes and slurs. The lyrics are provided below each staff.

Top Staff:

Measure	Notes	Chords
1	G, C, E, G, B, D	G
2	E, G, B, D, G, B, D	C
3	E, G, B, D, G, B, D	G
4	E, G, B, D, G, B, D	D
5	E, G, B, D, G, B, D	G

Middle Staff:

Measure	Notes	Chords
1	G, B, D, G, B, D	G
2	D, G, B, D, G, B, D	D
3	C, G, B, D, G, B, D	C
4	G, B, D, G, B, D	G
5	G, B, D, G, B, D	G
6	G, B, D, G, B, D	D
7	G, B, D, G, B, D	A
8	G, B, D, G, B, D	D

Bottom Staff:

Measure	Notes	Chords
1	G, B, D, G, B, D	G
2	D, G, B, D, G, B, D	D
3	C, G, B, D, G, B, D	C
4	G, B, D, G, B, D	G
5	G, B, D, G, B, D	C
6	G, B, D, G, B, D	G
7	G, B, D, G, B, D	G
8	G, B, D, G, B, D	D
9	G, B, D, G, B, D	G

From Paul Hardy's Session Tunebook.

38

Rochdale Coconut Dance

Bass guitar sheet music for "Hotel California" with lyrics and chords. The music is in 4/4 time at a tempo of 160 BPM. The lyrics are: "Hotel California, don't let me go...". The chords are: Em, Em, Am, G, D7, Em; Em, Em, Am, G, D7, Em; G, D, G, D; G, D, G, D.

13 G C G D7 G
13 G C G D7 G
5 G C G D7 G
5 G C G D7 G
♩ = 160

Jamie Allen

13 D G D G D G D G
8 G D G C G G C D
5 G C D G G C D
♩ = 140

Quarter Brawls

Jessie's Hornpipe

*attrib. to Aird's Collection
1794*

♩ = 180 G

5 G Bm Em D G

8 G C G C G Em C D

13 G C G C G D G

A little tune Susie's been working on.

40

Poplar Grove

Veronica Wagner

♩ = 130 G D G C D G

5 G C Em G C D G

9 Am D C D G

13 G C Em G C D G

A tune from the Squire of Sydney's Black Joak Morris. Put her up on her travels, and maybe she'll write you one too.

Chorus: Rockdale Coconut Dance.

13 G C D G G D C D G
8 Bm C Bm C G Em C D
5 G C D G D G C D G
2: G C D G Em D G C D

$\text{♩} = 160$

Just As The Tide Was Flowing

Chorus: Herbert the Sherbert.

13 C D G C D B Em
9 C D G C D Bm Bm
5 Em Am G C D Em
Em Am G C D B

$\text{♩} = 140$

The Plane Tree

Undine Horbury

King Of The Fairies

BPM = 140

The musical score consists of two staves of music. The top staff starts with Em, followed by D, Em, and D. The lyrics "7 Em Bm Em Em" appear above the staff. The bottom staff starts with C, followed by Em, Bm, and Em. The lyrics "12 Em C Em D Em D Em Bm" appear above the staff. The score continues with D, Em, Bm, Em, Bm, and Em. The lyrics "18 D Em Bm Em Bm Em" appear above the staff.

Change: Lanigan's Ball.

42

The Oyster Girl

BPM = 120

The musical score consists of four staves of music. The first staff starts with G, followed by D, G, and D. The lyrics "5 G D C G D7 G" appear above the staff. The second staff starts with G, followed by D, C, G, D7, and G. The lyrics "8 G C D7 G" appear above the staff. The third staff starts with G, followed by D, C, G, D7, and G. The lyrics "13 G D C G D7 G" appear above the staff.

55

Lanigan's Ball

$\text{♩} = 180$

From Paul Hardy's Session Tunebook.

Orange in Bloom

Sherborne Waltz

$\text{♩} = 140$

Laridé 6

$\text{♩} = 160$

Bass line diagram showing four staves of bass guitar chords and notes. The staves are labeled with measures 1 through 13. Chords include Em, G, D, Bm, and Em. The bass line consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns.

Change: Bear Dance.

44

New Road To Alston

$\text{♩} = 150$

Bass line for "Hotel California". The bass line consists of four measures in Am, followed by one measure in Em, and then three measures in Am. The bass line is played on a single string, with notes connected by horizontal lines. Measures 1-4: Am (quarter note), Am (quarter note), Am (quarter note), Am (quarter note). Measure 5: Em (quarter note), Em (quarter note), Em (quarter note), Em (quarter note). Measures 6-8: Am (quarter note), Am (quarter note), Am (quarter note), Am (quarter note).

13 G D
G
9 G D
G
5 G D
G
G = 100

Louth Quickstep

A nice little waltz from Mudgee in New South Wales. It's not quite a Havoc session regular yet, but I like it.

14 1 Am G D [2 D7 G
9 G D
6 1 D7 G D [2 D7 G
G = 140

The Mudgee Waltz

Maguire and Patterson

$\text{♩} = 120$

The musical score consists of two staves of music. The top staff starts with a measure of D, followed by measures of A, D, A, D. The bottom staff begins at measure 9 with G, A, G, then 1 D, 2 D. Measures 17 through 25 show a repeating pattern of Bm, A, G, D, Bm, A, G, A. The score concludes with a final measure of G, 1 D, 2 D.

46

Mount Hills

$\text{♩} = 152$

The musical score consists of two staves of music. The top staff starts with G, followed by measures of D, G, Am. The bottom staff begins at measure 5 with G, D, Am, D, G. Measures 9 through 13 show a repeating pattern of D, C, G, D. The score concludes with a final measure of G, Em, Am, Am7, D, G.

51

In previous editions of the Book, this was incorrectly titled *Mazurka Avignon*.

Musical score for *Mazurka d'Auvergne*, measures 5 to 13. The score consists of four staves of music. Measure 5 starts with a treble clef, G major, common time, and a tempo of $\text{♩} = 120$. Measures 6 through 13 continue in the same key signature and time signature. The music features eighth-note patterns and some sixteenth-note figures.

Mazurka d'Auvergne

Musical score for *The Midsummer Waltz*, measures 14 to 37. The score consists of four staves of music. Measure 14 starts with a treble clef, G major, common time, and a tempo of $\text{♩} = 140$. Measures 15 through 37 continue in the same key signature and time signature. The music features eighth-note patterns and some sixteenth-note figures, with a notable melodic line in the bass staff.

The Midsummer Waltz

Ed Pritchard

Mazurka de Lapleau

$\text{♪} = 130$

D G G D G
5 G G D G
8 D G C D G
13 G C D G

Change: Mazurka d'Auvergne.

48

Michael Turner's Waltz

$\text{♪} = 140$

G D G C G D
5 G D G G D G
8 D G D G
11 Em C G G D G

49